



Name	Kwang Hyun Chung
Affiliation	Soon Chun Hyang University Hospital Seoul
Country	Rep. of Korea
Major Field	Division of Gastroenterology Department of Internal Medicine,

Educational Background

2002-2008 Keimyung University School of Medicine, Daegu, Republic of Korea (Bachelor)
 2011-2013 Seoul National University College of Medicine, Seoul, Republic of Korea (Master)
 2013-2025 Seoul National University College of Medicine, Seoul, Republic of Korea (Ph.D)

Professional Experience

2008 - 2013 Internship and Residency, Seoul National University Hospital, Republic of Korea
 2013 - 2015 Fellowship in Gastroenterology, Seoul National University Hospital, Rep. of Korea
 2018 - 2021 Assistant Professor of Division of Gastroenterology, Nowon Eulji Medical Center, Rep. of Korea
 2021 - 2023 Assistant Professor of Division of Gastroenterology, Uijeongbu Eulji Medical Center, Rep. of Korea
 2023 - 2024 Visiting Scholar of Division of Gastroenterology and Hepatology, Stanford University School of Medicine, CA, U.S.A
 2023 to present Associate Professor of Division of Gastroenterology, Soon Chun Hyang University Hospital Seoul, Rep. of Korea

Main Scientific Publications

- 1: Chung KH, Lee SH. Optimal tissue acquisition method for pancreatic mass. Dig Endosc. 2024 Dec 25.
- 2: Chung KH, Lee KJ, Joseph AA, Huang RJ, Li A, Hwang JH, Yoon SB. Efficacy and safety of covered self-expandable metal stents for malignant hilar biliary obstruction: systematic review and meta-analysis. Gastrointest Endosc. 2024 Sep 30:S0016-5107(24)03539-9.
- 3: Chung KH, Cho IR, Choi YH, Cho YD, Ryu JK, Lee SH, Han K. Association between diabetic status and risk of acute pancreatitis: A nationwide population-based study. J Evid Based Med. 2024 Sep;17(3):588-596.
- 4: Chung KH, Cho IR, Paik WH, Kim YT, Lee SH, Ryu JK. Enhanced Anti-tumor Effect of Flavopiridol in Combination With Gemcitabine in Pancreatic Cancer. Anticancer Res. 2024 Mar;44(3):1097-1108.
- 5: Chung KH, Choi YH, Cho IR, Son BK, Ryu JK, Kim YT, Lee SH, Han K. Hypertriglyceridaemic waist phenotype and waist circumference triglyceride index are associated with higher incidence of acute pancreatitis: a nationwide population-based retrospective cohort study. BMJ Open. 2023 Aug 29;13(8):e071213.